**Bowdoin College** 

## **Faculty Handbook**

# 2009-10

The Faculty Handbook contains information of interest to members of the faculty. The regulations in Section IV concerning appointmeet appointment, tenure, and promotion have been adopted by the Faculty under Chapter 7 of the By-Laws of Bowdoin College and are subject to change.

Additional information conceing degree requirements and student academic conduct may be found in the College Catalogue and the Student Handbook Policies applicable to all College employees, such as those involving employee benefits, have generally been omitted from this Handbook; for information consult the Human Resources office derthed over Handbook The

## Faculty Handbook 2009-10

#### Contents

Pre	eam	ble	1		
I.	Pro	Professional Activity and Faculty Development 1			
	A.	Professional Activities and Responsibilities	1		
		Sabbatic Leave Policand Procedures			
	C.	Leaves of Absence for Research, Scholarship, and Artistic Work	5		
	D.	Ethical Standards of Research	5		
	E.	Human and Animal Research Policy	9		
	F.	Intellectual Property Policy	10		
	G.	Leaves of Absence for Illness and Disability, or Meeting Familial Responsibilities	10		
	Η.	Parental Leave Roy for Faculty	11		
II.	Eq	ual Opportunity and Affirmat ive Action in Employment	13		
III.	Fre	ee Speech and Human Rights in the Academic Community	14		
	A.	Freedom of Speech and Political Activity	14		
		Human Rights in the Bowdoin Community			
IV.	Policies and Procedures Governing Appintment, Reappointment, Promotion, Tenure, and Faculty Evaluation				
	A.	General Criteria for Appointment, Repapintment, Tenure, and Promotion			
		Appointment at the Rank of Instructor or Assistant Professor			
		Reappointment of Tenure-track Faculty			
		Notice of Non-reappointment			
	E.	Promotion to Associate Professor with Tenure			
	F.	Promotion to the Rank of Professor	27		
		Appeals of Reappointment, Promotion and Tenure Decisions			
	Н.	Appointment of Persons Outside the Bowdoin Faculty at the Rank of			
		Associate Professor Professor			
	١.	Visiting, Part-time, and Special Faculty Appointments			
	J.	Policy on Shared Appointments			
	K.	Continuing Evaluation: Goals and Procedures	37		
	L.	Termination of Appointment for Cause			
	Μ.	Grievance and Regive Procedures			

V.	Conduct of Instruction	43	
	A. Attendance		
	B. Class Meetings		
	C. Examinations		
	D. Grades	45	
	E. Academic Honesty		
	F. Approval of Courses to Be Offered for Credit		
	G. Limitations on Course Enrollment	48	
	H. Minimum Enrollment Required for the Offering of Courses	49	
	I. Faculty Regulations Concerning the Scheduling of Classes		
	J. Guidelines for FirstYear Seminars	50	
	K. Procedures for Administration and Use of the Student Opinion Forms	51	
VI. Outline of Faculty Governance			
	A. Faculty Meeting	53	
	B. Committees		
	C. Faculty Governace Committees		
	D. Curricular Committees		
	E. Resources Committees		
	F. Appeals, Grievancesnal Misconduct Committees		
	G. Oversight: College Life Committees		
	H. Oversight: Research and a fety Committees		
	I. Working Groups		
	J. Trustee Committees withaculty Representation		
	K. Voting Procedures	71	
Ар	pendix A: Academic Honor Code and Social Code	72	
Ар	pendix B. Provisions for Maternity Leave and Parental Leave	77	
Ар	pendix C. College Code of Conduct	79	
Ар	pendix D. Intellectual Property Policy	82	
Ap	pendix E. Information Technology Policies		

Faculty members are expected to meescheduled classes. In the case of a conflict between a scheduled class and some other professional activity, such as attendance at

#### 1. Purpose

The purpose of this provision is to make ailable to members of the faculty opportunities to pursue scholarly, artistic, and professional activities related to their development as teachers and scholars or artists. Therefore, sabbatic leaves may not be used ordinarily to teach at other institutions. Should special opportunities arise for some teaching during a sabbatic leave which might have particular benefit for a faculty member proval for accepting such opportunities must be obtained in advance from the Dean for Academic Affairs.

The College's sabbatical leave programits nded to provide opportunities for continued professional growth for the bisined both the faculty member and the institution. Faculty members are therefore mally expected to return to teach at the College following the sabbatical.

2. Eligibility<sup>2</sup>

<u>Pre-tenure Leave for Assistant Profes</u>so**As**sistant Professors who are in their third year of service to the Collegeay apply for a sabbatic leave of absence pursuant to the By-laws of the College. Approval of such a leave will be contingent upon reappointment. The juriearve will normally be taken in the fourth year. A candidate for tenure magyrmally postpone the tenure review by no more than one year as a result of a pre-tenure sabbatical or leave of absence for research, scholarship or artistriork, including leave taken prior to reappointment.

The granting of a sabbatic leave will depend upon the necessary period of teaching, an evaluation of the prests for the successful completion of the sabbatic leave activities and the valuehoodse activities for the faculty member and the College. Consideration will also given to the leave pattern in the department.

If a faculty member defers or advances a sabbatical at the request of the College, doing so will have no negative effect the faculty member's eligibility for a subsequent sabbatical. A faculty member may accrue no more than twenty-four semesters of service toward sabbatitighties ity (the equivalent of a one-year sabbatical at full pay).

3. Procedure

During each academic year, the DeanAfoademic Affairs will determine which members of the faculty will be eligible, on the basis of the number of semesters taught, for a sabbatic leave during the academic year two years beyond a current academic year (e.g., in the spring of **2009** the determination of eligibility on the basis of the number of semesters taught will be calculated for the academic year 2010-11). The Dean for Academic Affairs will notify Assistant Professors of their eligibility for pre-tenure leave **the** time at which reappointment in the rank of Assistant Professor is offered.eTDean for Academic Affairs will notify newly tenured Associate Professors of their eligibility for a post-tenure leave following a successful promotion. The DeanH then inform those members of the faculty about their prospective eligibility and invite discussions of possible sabbatic leave plans among the facultymber, department and the Dean for Academic Affairs.

The faculty member shall develop a p**fan** sabbatic leave activities. The plan should describe the relation of the planned activities to previous research and scholarly or artistic work, profession development and teaching and course development in the future. Requests for sabbatic leave should normally be made in writing to the Dean no later than November 1 of the academic year preceding the year in which the leave would take place.

The Dean will consult with the relevadepartment chair and/or program director, evaluate the leave plan, and may consult with the Governance and Faculty Affairs Committee in determining proval for the leave. The Dean will review annually sabbatic leaves and it factivities with the Governance and Faculty Affairs Committee and with the Academic Affairs Committee of the Trustees.

Within three months of returning from sabbatical, the faculty member shall provide a report to the Dean for Acandic Affairs on the activities undertaken during the sabbatical.

- C. Leaves of Absence for Research Scholarship, and Artistic Work<sup>5</sup>
  - The College encourages members of the faculty to seek funds from government agencies and foundations in support of leaves of absence for the pursuit of scholarly research or artistic work. Ordinarily, leaves of absence without pay are for one semester or one year. Applications may be made to the Faculty Development Committee for support of leave extend one-semester leaves to a

- b) Misappropriation of research funds, inclugibut not limited to diversion of such funds to personal or non-college use.
- c) Retaliation of any kind against arpen who, in good faith, reports or provides information about suspited or alleged misconduct.

In the following text, "complainant" me**a**ra person who makes an allegation of misconduct in research. "Respondent" means the person against whom an allegation of misconduct in research isedited, or the person who is the subject of the inquiry or investigation. There can be more than one respondent and complainant in any inquiry or investigation.

2. Allegation

Allegations of misconduct in research on the part of a faculty member or other employee of the college should be reporte investigation is warranted. If the inquity kes longer than 60 days to complete, the record of the inquiry shall include documentation of the reasons for exceeding the 60-day period. The respon(sentil be given a copy of the report of inquiry and will be provided with an opportunity to comment on the report. To the maximum extent possible, the inguirommittee will provide confidential treatment to the affected individual(s).

Should the Dean, based on the report from the committee, conclude that further investigation is not justified, detailed

as well as other individuals who might/leainformation regarding key aspects of the allegations. All interviews will beanscribed or tape recorded. Complete summaries of these interviews will be preparprovided to the interviewed party for comment or revision, and included as part of the investigatory file. All parties involved in the investigation shallriste to maintain confidentiality of information.

5. Outcome of Investigation

Within 120 days of being appointed, the committee shall complete its investigation and shall submit its findings of fact and its recommendations to the Dean. Should the committee determine **tha**trespondent(s) is (are) not guilty of any misconduct and that the allegati**bous** be dismissed, all participants in the investigation shall be so informied writing by the Dean. Efforts will be made to repair any damage, as a result effallegation and investigation, to the reputation of the person(s) allegte have engaged in misconduct.

If the investigative committee finds that tallegations are substantiated and that misconduct has occurred, the Dean will determine what sanctions to impose or what further disciplinary procedures should be undertaken. The Dean will

Foundation regulations will be met. If guidelines for these organizations are on file in the Dean's office.

Faculty and appropriate administrativefstwill be informed on an annual basis of these policies and procedures and the importance of compliance.

#### E. Human and Animal Research Policy

Bowdoin College is committed to the proper atment of human and animal research subjects. All members of the College -- facture at students alike -- are expected to show a decent regard for any sentient creasubjected to investigative procedures. The dignity and privacy of human subjects to be respected. Unnecessary pain to any creature is to be avoided. Awareness and discussion of these issues are part of the professional development and responsibility and the education of students.

All empirical investigations involving humaor animal subjects should meet federal and relevant professional standards, released of their funding, whether carried out by faculty or students. Members of the departments which carry out investigations using humans or animals should acquaients elves with the pertinent standards. The principal responsibility for determining an empirical investigation falls within the purview of government or professional guidelines lies with the principal investigator. He or she is also responsible acquainting any student investigators in his or her charge with the relevant priples of, and guidelines for, ethical research and for monitoring compliance with them.

Different categories of investigation requidifferent levels of review. Department chairs should be consulted first aboutet the row on the about the row of the consulted first aboutet the row of the review. Research investigation should be consulted for the review and course-related projects need no further review. Research investigations faculty and/or students engaging in independent studies or funded research to review by internal department review procedures if such procedures are available. Departments with members who regularly engage in such research are even to develop and use internal review procedures and maintain a written record with reviews for several years. These procedures will be periodically review by the Research Oversight Committee (ROC). In the absence of internal proceedures and how it complies with pribing the r.3(3-subm)0

department chairs and/or program directors. The specific distribution of the two-course reduction must be approved by Dean in consultation with the faculty member and department chairs and/or program directors.

### II. Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action in Employment

As a coeducational institution with a longs dang commitment to the education of a diverse student body, Bowdoin College is dedicated the principles of equal opportunity and nondiscrimination. The College recognizes that a coellent liberal arts education should include multicultural and pluralistic perspectives inside a could be classroom. A faculty and staff of men and women from various cultures and ethnic capial groups immeasurably contribute to the quality of the educational experience.

Consistent with the By-Laws of the College, Botoin conforms with all applicable federal and state statutes and regulations and does not disation on the basis of age, race, color, sex, marital status, religion, creed, ancestry, national ethnic origin, sexual orietation, or physical or mental disability.

The College's commitment also includes practic standards of fairness in defining positions, implementing the recruiting and hiring process and conducting reviews for reappointment and tenure. The candidates Bowdoin selects wile the College's high standards, and Bowdoin will not be influenced by criteria intervant to its educational goals.

As a multicultural campus community, respect for the rights of all and for the differences among us is essential to Bowdoin. As an employernomitted to diversity, the College seeks and welcomes applications from candidates from a rangeultural experiences and backgrounds and from those who can demonstrate a commitment to diversity.

The Dean for Academic Affairs is responsified ensuring that faculty excellence and diversity

#### III. Free Speech and Human Rights in the Academic Community

A. Freedom of Speech and Political Activity

Free speech is a constitutional right ideamocratic society and a cornerstone of intellectual life at Bowdoin. Members **tife** college community are encouraged to express their views on all matters including controversial, political issues in the public domain. Preservation of freedom of speech is a primary task of the College; the right to express both popular and unpopulaws is to be protected. The College furthers this end best by serving afsnaum where ideas may be debated and discussed. When taking public positions mension the college community should make an effort in good faith to avoid the appearance of speaking for Bowdoin.

B. Human Rights in the Bowdoin Community

The students and faculty of Bowdoin College belong to a community of scholars dedicated to the principles of free inquiry and free expression. The College is also a community of men and women whose pursuit of knowledge and whose social relations should rest upon the ethical foundations of a free and humane society: tolerance, honesty and civility. An institution higher learning, devoted in large part to the examination of human values, can realize its goals only when each of its members recognizes the dignity and worth of every other member, and when the community as a whole is willing to decemintolerable any act or statement that constitutes or results in the harassmentation of another human being. Every student and faculty member at Bowdoinstonaintain toward every other student and faculty member an unqualified respectithose rights that transcend differences of race, sex, or any other distinctions inveliet to human dignity. When violations of those rights occur, Bowdoin will assume its responsibility to protect the members of the college community from distinction and intimidation.

# IV. Policies and Procedures Governig Appointment, Reappointment, Promotion, Tenure, and Faculty Evaluation<sup>8</sup>

A. General Criteria for Appointment, Reappointment, Tenure, and Promotion

The instructional faculty of the College cists of (1) Professors, Associate Professors, Assistant Professors, and Instructors appointed gular full-time or part-time tenured or tenure-track positions; (2) all individuals on

for Academic Affairs is regularly advised by the Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure.

- 1. Initial Appointment
  - a) Non-tenured appointments are normally deat the rank of instructor or assistant professor, appointment to the rank of assistant professor being contingent upon the completion of adquirements for a doctorate or its professional equivalent (see Section IV.B.1.c below). If work on a doctorate is completed during an instructors hip romotion to the rank of assistant professor is automatic following award to be degree, within the term of that person's current appointment.
  - b) The College expects that instructorial normally complete the requirements for the doctorate by September 1 of the third year. Failure to earn the doctorate or its professional equivalerithin this time will result in nonreappointment. In exceptional circumstances and with the concurrence of the department, the Dean for Academic Affairs may grant an extension of the deadline until June 30 of the third year of the appointment.
  - c) The Dean for Academic Affairs, iconsultation with the appropriate academic department chair, will determine at the time of appointment, or during an appointment, whether or not an individual has achieved the professional equivalent of a doctorate possession of a terminal degree in a field which does not offer the doctorate, as well as teaching, professional distinction and experience in an academic field, are among the factors to be weighed in the determination professional equivalency.
- 2. Progress Towards Tenure

The College has a normal tenure-probationary period of six years for Assistant Professors. This probationary period includes time at the College at the rank of Instructor. For tenure-track faculty **moa**l progress towards tenure occurs in two stages:

- a four-year initial contract, in the third year of which a reappointment review is conducted.
- a three-year subsequent contrasc Assistant Professor, in the second year of which a tenure review occurs.

In each case, the final year of the contriserves as a terminal year in the event of an unsuccessful reappointment or tenure review.

For faculty who defer their initial apprtments, the tenure probationary period does not begin until the semester in which teaching at Bowdoin commences. A tenure-track faculty member may extend the tenure probationary period for leaves of absence for illness, disability, childbirth, and meeting familial responsibilities, as well as for research and scholarship or artistic work. Extensions to the tenure-probationary period for approved leaves do not increase the expectations of candidates' accomplishments in teaching, scholarship or service to the College. Sabbaticand leaves of absence for research, scholarship, or artistic work will normalextend the tenure probationary period by no more than one year, whether taken before or after reappointment. The tenure probationary period may be extended to total, for no more than three years, with extensions to each of the tracts within the tenure probationary period limited to no more than two years. Thus, the reappointment review may take place no later than the fifth year after initial appointment. A tenure review should occur no later than the ninth year after the initial appointment to a tenure the time of a candidate's reappointment normally will chair the review committee.

- a) For candidates whose appointments are in a single department or program with two or more tenured members d, tenured members of the department or program at the time of the candidate's reappointment normally will evaluate the candidate. In departmeent programs that have or will have fewer than two tenured members at the time of a candidate's reappointment, the Dean for Academic Affairs willpapoint a review committee consisting of the tenured member of the department or program and at least one member of the Faculty from outside of the caddte's department or program.
- b) For candidates with joint appointments whose primary appointment is in a department, all tenured membershoe department at the time of the candidate's reappointment normally will aluate the candidate. In addition, the Dean for Academic Affairs will appoint at least two tenured faculty members who teach in the relevant program and who are not members of the candidate's department to serve on the review committee. When possible, one of the program's representatives will be the individual serving as director of the program during the candidate's fiyear of employment and one will be the director of the program at the time of reappointment.
- c) For candidates with joint appointments whose primary appointment is in a program, all tenured members of the program at the time of the candidate's reappointment normally will evaluated transition. In addition, the Dean for Academic Affairs will appoint at least two tenured faculty members who teach in the relevant department and who are not megramth86ointmeg

means of effecting those goals. A letter addressed to the candidate summarizing this discussion will be written by the review committee chair, a copy given to the candidate and a copy placed in the candid**aile**'s in the department or program. In addition, a copy should be sent to **the** Dean for Academic Affairs. Departments or programs and candidateseacouraged to hold such meetings annually each subsequent year until **th** into the tenure decision.

Reappointment reviews normally commeince the fall of the third year of appointment. Leaves for scholarship and istic work, as well as leaves for illness, disability, childbirth, and meeting familiaesponsibilities allow for an extension of the period before reappointment review ach birth or adoption of a child will allow for an extension of one year, eview parental leave is not taken. Extensions based on leaves of all kinds usually will not exceed the total time taken for all such leaves, except where additional semein review cousu

Section IV.C.2. The evaluation sentthe Dean for Academic Affairs should be accompanied by all the materials considered in the review process.

- d) The evaluation forwarded to the candidate and the Dean for Academic Affairs will be signed by all tenurembers concurring in it. Any dissent will be indicated and a dissenting opinion may also be submitted, signed by any tenured member of the departm; program, or committee who wishes to do so.
- e) The candidate may discuss the evaluation with any member of the department, program, or committee who contributed to it.
- f) The Dean for Academic Affairwill make the decision regarding reappointment. The Dean will submit his or her decision regarding reappointment in writing to the **pd**idate normally before March 1.
- 4. In the event that a faculty member ispainted to a position leading to a tenure review after a period of employment amon renewable position, the appointing department will, soon after the appointent, provide the Dean for Academic Affairs and the faculty member with any aluation equivalent to the evaluation for reappointment.
- 5. A positive evaluation does not necessarily implappointment, since changes in the curricular needs of the department the College might make reappointment inadvisable.
- D. Notice of Non-reappointment

If the College has stipulated that an paintment is renewable in a letter of appointment and does not intend to reappoint a faculty member, notice will be given as follows:

- 1. No later than March 1 of the first academic year of service, if the appointment expires at the end of that academic year; or, if an appointment terminates during an academic year, at least three months in advance of its termination;
- 2. No later than December 15 of the second academic year of service, if the appointment expires at the end of that academic year;
- 3. At least twelve months before the expiration of an appointment if the person has served two or more years in the College.

- E. Promotion to Associate Professor with Tenure
  - Promotion to the rank and title of asize professor or professor normally confers tenure. Any appointment or promotion that confers tenure must be approved by the Board of Trustees. Psionial appointments of persons outside the Bowdoin faculty to the position of associate professor or professor may be made without tenure for a period not to exceed three years. See also Section IV.H below.
  - 2. According to the By-Laws of the Cote terminately for reasons of gross neglect of academic freedom and may be terminately for reasons of gross neglect of duty, serious misconduct, or physical or mental incapacity. The tenure decision is usually an extension of the review procedures for reappointment discussed above. Tenure decisions are based upon an evaluation of teaching, scholarly or artistic engagement and contributions the College community. While all three criteria are considered significant, two are of paramount importance: candidates for tenure will be expected to have celled in their teaching and to have achieved a level of professional distinction recognized by members of their guild outside the College. This means that ile whon-tenured faculty members will be judged in part on their contributions to the College community, those contributions, however great, will not exride teaching and scholarly/artistic records that fall short of the required excellence and distinction.
    - a) As in the case of reappointment, at least two tenured members of the faculty will evaluate a candidate for promotion to the rank of associate professor, with tenure. In departments or programs which have fewer than two tenured members, the committee which served as the reappointment evaluation committee will serve as the review committee for promotion with a substitute or substitittee sjColleg3Colleg wiTD -.0012 Tc (a))Tj /4

3. Recommendations for promotion to tenured rank are normally made during the fall of a faculty member's sixth year of service to the College. The assembly of materials for review leading to the cressary recommendation is usually begin during the spring of the faculty member is here year of service to the College.

The period of service leading to a tencereiew may be shortened in recognition of unusual scholarly or artistic and tearchdistinction. The tenure probationary period may be extended for leavesabsence for illness, disability, childbirth, and meeting familial responsibilities, as well as for research and scholarship or artistic work. Extensions to the tenure-probationary period for approved leaves do not increase the expectations of candidates' accomplishments in teaching, scholarship or service to the Collegebbaticals and leaves of absence for research, scholarship or artistic wowill normally extend the tenure probationary period by no more than orear, whether taken before or after reappointment<sup>1</sup>. The tenure probationary period may be extended, in total, for no more than three years, with extension the period between reappointment and the tenure review limited to no moreath two years. A tenure review should occur no later than the ninth year after the initial appointment to a tenure track position, except under rare circumstanzed only with approval of the Dean for Academic Affairs. Extensions based leaves of all kinds usually will not exceed the total time taken for alcourse, except when an additional semester is needed to allow the revtevbegin during the fall semester. Requests for extensions normally must be made with Dean for Academic Affairs at the time a leave is requested.

- a) At the time set for a tenure decision faculty member's fitness for tenure at the College will be considered by the Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure, whether or not the person has been proposed for tenure by the department. The procedure will be as follows:
  - (i) The Dean for Academic Affairs solits a confidential evaluation of the candidate's actual and potential perstional achievement from experts who are in the candidate's field of specialization but who are not members of the College. The Dean for Academic Affairs asks both the candidate and the departmemsuggest persons from whom ers ri(candigh.7(ent.2a)n)-22aeeoTiandignure, wh3nng gest persons from Tc gd96l2

artistic work provided by external reviewers will be made available to

• Separate departmental student opinforms if used and kept by the department rather than the ca

- (i) The department's or committee's letter or letters.
- (ii) The dossier submitted by the department or committee, including the packet of materials submitted by the candidate.
- (iii) Evaluative statements on file from the time of reappointment.
- (iv) Letters from the reviewers of the candidate's scholarly or artistic work.
- (v) Letters from members of the Bowdoin faculty who wish to comment on the candidate's fitness for tenure as well as those letters that have been individually solicited by the chair of the Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure.
- (vi) Letters from a single sample of students enrolled in the candidate's courses and independent studies overpthevious five years. These letters will be solicited by the chair of the Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure according to a method prescribed by the Committee and copies will be shared with the department or review committee.
- (vii) A departmental roster showing the terms of appointment for all members of the department, or in the case of a joint appointment, departmental and prov [(dep (e)2.5 on )]ToLettal s schol79asey3(h)-2(e case of36.i)

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- 4. Letters from the reviewers of the candidate's scholarly or artistic work.
- 5. Letters from members of the Bowddiaculty who wish to comment on the candidate's fitness for promotion as well as those letters that have been individually solicited by the chair of the Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure.
- 6. Letters from a single sample of studeentscolled in the candidate's courses and independent studies over the previous fivears. These letters will be solicited by the chair of the Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure according to a method prescribed by the Committee and copies will be shared with the department or review committee.
- 7. A departmental roster showing the teron suppointment for all members of the department, or in the case of a joint appointment, departmental and program rosters.

No later than March 15, the Dean for Adamic Affairs will inform each candidate for promotion of the recommendation of the subcommittee on promotions, and the reasons therefore, together with Dean's own recommendation before conveying these recommendations to the President. Pirbe ident has discretionary authority to authorize or not authorize promotion.

- G. Appeals of Reappointment, Promotion and Tenure Decisions
  - 1. The Faculty Appeals and Grievances Committee

Composition of the Faculty Appeals and Grievances Committee

The Faculty Appeals and Grievances Context (hereafter, the Faculty Appeals committee) shall consist of six members of the teaching faculty elected by ballot of the Faculty. There shall be two members from each of the three professorial ranks, and no more than one member from any one department. No one shall serve concurrently on the Faculty pleals Committee and on the Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure. There is service shall be three years. The chair shall be chosen at the beginning of each academic year by and from among the elected members of the Committee.

In the event of an appeal, a threember Investigative Committee shall be chosen by the chair from the membershef committee; ideally, this committee will be composed of faculty from each of the ranks.

A member of the Committee who is the appellant, who is a member of the appellant's department, who participated directly in the decision under appeal shall be disqualified from appointment to the Investigative Committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See (01-4-3), approved by the faculty 7 May 2001.

Time Limitations for Filing an Appeal

Any appeal by a faculty member who was denied reappointment, tenure or promotion must be made in writing to the chair of the Faculty Appeals Committee within 60 days after writtenotification of the final decision.

2. Grounds for an Appeal

A candidate for reappointment, tenureproportion, may lodge an appeal and request an investigation on the basis logged discrimination or violation of academic freedom, or inadequate coessidon, as defined below. A written appeal documenting the alleged irregularities must be filed with the Faculty Appeals Committee within 60 days of notification of the negative decision of the Dean for Academic Affairs, in cases of reappointment, or of the President, in cases of tenure or promotion. In conting investigations the committee will be guided by the Faculty Handbook (SeotsdII.A and B) and by the following definitions adapted from the American Association of University Professors' 1940 Statement of Principles on Academir Freedom and Tenure and its 1971 Statement on Procedural Standards in the Renewal or Nonrenewal of Faculty Appointments.

a) Non-Discrimination

Teachers are entitled to protection against discrimination on the basis of age, race, color, sex, marital status, religion, creed, ancestry, national and ethnic origin, sexual orientation, physical or mental handicap.

- b) Academic Freedom
  - (i) Teachers are entitled to full freedomndiscussing their subjects in the classroom, in research and in the publication of the results, subject to the adequate performance of their other academic duties; but research for pecuniary return should be basuee band an understabiling with the authorities of the institution.
  - (ii) College and university teachers are citizens, members of a learned profession, and officers of an education of the profession. When they speak or write as citizens, they should be free from institutional censorship or discipline, but shall make every effort indicate that they do not speak for the institution.
- c) Adequate Consideration

The term "adequate considention" refers to procedural rather than substantive issues. A lack of addate consideration occurs when a decision is arrived at as a result of and the following: a failure to seek out and consider all available evidence bearing on the relevant performance of the candidate; inadequate deliberation over the import of the evidence in the light of the relevant standardeliance on irrelevant and improper standards; or a failure to exercise professional academic judgment. In determining whether there was inadetequations ideration, the Investigative Committee will not substitute its own judgment on the merits of the case for that of the members of the department, the Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure, or the administration.

- 3. Procedures
  - a) Petition for Review Alleging Discrimination or a Violation of Academic Freedom

Insofar as the petition for review alleges discrimination or a violation of academic freedom, the functions of **the**estigative Comittee shall be the following:

- (i) To determine whether discrimination or a violation of academic freedom was a determining factor in the decision.
- (ii) Ordinarily, when there is a finding of discrimination or violation of academic freedom, the Investigative Committee will recommend that the review of the matter be returned for reconsideration to the next stage in the decision process bey threadstage where discrimination or the violation of academic freedom took place. Reconsideration shall take account of the Investigative Committee's report.
- (iii) To communicate its finding, and, appropriate, its recommendation in writing to the President, and the Dean for Academic Affairs in cases of reappointment, and the appellant.

The authority to act on any such finding or recommendation resides with the President or the Dean.the event that the President or the Dean for Academic Affairs (in cases of reappointment) decides to reject the recommendation of the Committee, he or she shall provide in writing the reason for his or her action to the Investigative Committee and the appellant, and the Investigative Committee shall have an opportunity to reply.

b) Petition for Review Alleging Inadequate Consideration

Insofar as the petition for review adjess inadequate consideration, the functions of the Investigative Committee shall be the following:

- (i) To determine whether the decision was the result of inadequate consideration at any stage of the candidate's review.
- (ii) Ordinarily, when there is a finding of inadequate consideration, the Investigative Committee will recommended the review of the matter be returned for reconsideration the stage in the decision process where the inadequate consideratifirst took place. Reconsideration shall take account of the views tigative Committee's report.

September 1 of the final year of the approximate. The procedure to be followed will be the same as that for all candidates for tenure.

- I. Visiting, Part-time, and Special Faculty Appointments<sup>5</sup>
  - 1. Appointments

Appointments to give courses for credie anade only to those people who have been approved by the Administration and the relevant department or program. The teaching of any person so appointed be reviewed periodically if he or she continues teaching at the college ond his or her initial appointment.

Persons holding appointments other than full-time, tenure-track appointments will fall into one of the following categories:

a) Tenurable appointments. Part-time,

 Specific appointments. Full or part-time. Persons offering courses on an ongoing basis whose specialtiethetCollege merit specific titles (e.g., Director of the Bowdoin Chorus, Writer-In-Residence). associated with such service; the remaining partner will normally move to .5 FTE during this period.

e) Each faculty member in a sharedute track appointment is eligible for the rights and privileges of a full-time citizen of the College and is to be treated as a regular faculty member by the College. Each will have a full vote in faculty and departmental meeting [gs] professional benefits, and normal sabbatical benefits. Although the Co

clearly advance the curricular priorities of the College and in which each individual independently meets the hiring standards of the College.

- b) The relevant department(s) oograms(s) will make a recommendation to the Office of the Dean for Academic fairs regarding the relevance of the spouse/partner's field of study toetheeds of the curriculum as well as the spouse/partner's qualifications to fill those needs.
- c) In response to departmental recommendations, the Dean will make a determination about whether a hire in the spouse/partner's field serves the best interests of the College. Inclucases, when the candidate for the advertised position is hired, the specor partner may be offered a position

letters of recommendation should be sent directly to the Dean. These materials will be shared with the appropriate department(s) or program(s). The departments or programs will review the partner's materials and will decide if they are interested poursuing a shared appointment. As appropriate, they may request an innew, talk or presentation, and teaching demonstration. Such shared appointments and programs or across departments and programs.

- c) The relevant department(s) or praggs(s) will make a recommendation to the Dean's office regarding the relevance of the spouse/partner's field of study to the needs of the currition as well as the spouse/partner's qualifications to fill those needs. The Dean's office will make a determination whether a hire in theosuse/partner's field is in the best interests of the College.
- d) If a position is converted to a shared position within a single department, the provisions outlined in Section 1. d.-apply. For a shared position across departments, provisions 2. d.-f. apply.
- K. Continuing Evaluation: Goals and Procedures

Each year the Dean for Academic Affaasks members to fill out a self-reporting form describing courses taught, studentsized, research published, artistic works shown or performed, works in progreether activities as scholars or artists, contributions to the intellectual and attitistife of the College, leadership and participation in College and department overnance, and similar matters. These reports provide information which is lpful to the Dean in understanding and appraising the goals set by the faculty form various activities. In so doing they afford a partial basis for the min set b06 147 Ts.147n53 Tong v set

### L. Termination of Appointment for Cause

A faculty member whose termination for **seu**is under consideration is entitled to a hearing before the Committee on Appointnes Promotion and Tenure. Cause, as defined in the By-Laws of the College, is limited to gross neglect of duty, serious misconduct, or physical or mental incapacity. At that hearing the faculty member will be permitted to be represented by upsel. A full stenographic record of the hearing will be kept. The Committee on Appointments, Promotion and Tenure after considering the case will report its opinion; hwa statement of its reasons, to the President. In the case of an untenured faculty member, the President will refer the final action. In the case of a tenured faculty member, the President will refer the matter, together with his/her own recommeting to the Trustees for final action. The provisions of this section do not pertain to terminations resulting from reappointment, tenure or promotion decisions.

### M. Grievance and Review Procedures

The procedures set forth in this docume**e**tiatended to ensure fair and equitable treatment of officers of instruction. An individual who feels that he/she has grounds for a grievance should first attempt to resolue matter through informal discussions with those involved. Assistance a**ad**vice can be sought from the Dean for Academic Affairs, the department chair, or other members of the Faculty with the understanding that the matter is to be keeptfidential. If no satisfactory resolution of the matter can be reached, the individual may file a grievance. Grievances which charge unfair treatment, including any form of discrimination on the basis of sex, shall be filed with the Faculty Appeals of reappointment, promotion and tenure decisions, which are governed by the provisions of Section IV.G. Cases of harassment between faculty shall bedive the Faculty Appeals and Grievances Committee or with Human Resources. Cases of harassment between faculty and staff must be handled through Human Resources.

### Procedures

The Grievant can choose to file eitheriaformal or formal grievance. The differences between these two procedures are discussed below.

These procedures shall be followed by altipipants in the Grievance Procedure and the basic elements may not be charge ept by vote of the Faculty. The chair of the Faculty Appeals Committee shade we the power to decide issues not specifically covered by these procedupes vided that the Faculty Appeals Committee is notified of such decisions.

### The Nature of Academic Proceedings

A grievance filed by a member of the Bowdoin College faculty against other faculty member(s) or member(s) of the administration will set in motion a process that will occur in an academic, rather than a judicial, setting.

While a grievant and those against whongrievance has been lodged may wish to consult an attorney and/or may wish to haneattorney assist them in preparation for the process, the Faculty Appeals Committeledeal directly only with members of the Bowdoin faculty and other individuative Faculty Appeals Committee chooses to consult. Attorneys may be present at the term of the attorney but only as observers.

### Informal Grievances

Members of the Faculty are entitled tosean informal grievance by filing a statement of the specific grievance while committee and sending a copy of the grievance to the person(s) against whoenghievance is lodged. The chair of the Faculty Appeals Committee will set a date for a meeting.

At the meeting both the grievant and shoagainst whom the grievance has been lodged will discuss the grievance with the faculty Appeals Committee. At the conclusion of the meeting, the Faculty Appeals Committee will write a letter to those concerned in which the committee states its view of the merit of the grievance and makes whatever recommendation it feels is appropriate. The committee will send a copy of the letter to the Dean for Accardic Affairs and the President for their information.

Since this will be an informal grievance attorneys will be involved. Informal grievances can be filed at any time during the academic year.

The grievant, having elected to file **info**rmal grievance, will be precluded from later filing a formal grievance (as desembbelow) on the same grounds since the committee will already have become involvend will have stated its view of the merits of the grievance.

If a member of the Faculty is uncertain about whether to file an informal or formal grievance, a consultation with the chait **be** Faculty Appeals Committee is advised.

### The Formal Grievance Petition

- a) A person filing a formal grievance wblegin the process by filing a Grievance Petition with the chair of the Faculty Appeals Committee. The grievant will send a copy of the Petition to every member of the committee and to every person against whom the grievance is being lodged.
- b) The Grievance Petition must list specific harges and the name(s) of the individual(s) against whom each charge is lodged.

- c) The Grievance Petition shall includeeveant information and documents available to the grievant which supp**tre** charges: e.g., copies of letters, witness statements and other relevant material.
- d) Should the Grievance Petition charge member of the Faculty Appeals Committee, such individual(s) shall becersed from all further meetings of the committee relating to the grievance.
- e) In order to assure adequate time for grievance to be followed, given the nature of academic calendars, and to sensthat the membership of the Faculty

against the charges. Like the Petition (Borievance, the Response should include copies of letters, witness statements, uthous ents, etc. which support the position of those against whom the grievance has been lodged.

The Grievant's Reply

Within 5 days of receiving the Response, the grievant will file a Reply. The Reply

### **Final Arguments**

The grievant and those against whom in the ward of the Final Arguments with the Faculty Apper from the within 7 days from the end of the Hearing. Copies of the Final Arguments will be sent to each member of the committee and to all the parties to the grievance.

The Faculty Appeals Committee may consult additional documents or individuals if they deem it necessary and will so notife thrievant and those against whom the grievance has been lodged.

### The Report

The Faculty Appeals Committee shall issueritaten Report to the President with its findings on each charge and make suectrommendations as it deems appropriate. A copy of this Report will be sent to the grate and those against whom the grievance has been lodged.

In addition, a copy of all documents bimitted to the Faculty Appeals Committee will be appended to the Report to the Releast, including the Grievance Petition, the Request for Clarification of the Chargé such a request has been made), the Response to the Grievance Petition, the Charge states is Reply, and the Final Arguments (if they have been submitted).

The Faculty Appeals Committee shall re**ash** decision in a timely manner, usually within 3 weeks of the end of the Hearing.

### Appeal

Within 30 days of the issuance of the Repparties to the grievance may appeal the Faculty Appeals Committee decision to the President.

## V. Conduct of Instruction

Α.

## B. Class Meetings

- 1. All classes begin on the scheduled hour or half-hour and should be <u>ended</u> five minutes before the hour or half-hour to permit students to get to their next classes.
- 2. Classes must be held at the hours scheeblody the Office of the Registrar.
- C. Examinations
  - 1. Hourly Examinations
    - a) No student is required to take mor**ent** two hour examinations in one day. By the same token, a maximum of t**wo**ur examinations is not considered unreasonable, and a student may not be

- 8. Students who receive a grade of D or F in a course may retake the course; both courses and both grades will appear on the transcript. However, only one course credit will be given for successful completion of a given course. Most departments will not accept as prerequisitor as satisfying the requirements of the major, courses for which a gradeDolhas been given; questions should be referred directly to the department chaîr.
- 9. A grade of "Incomplete" may be given to a student who through illness or other extenuating circumstances has failedutfill the requirements of a course. Excuses are granted by the instructor are Dean acting jointly. At the time an Incomplete is agreed upon by the Dean three instructor, a date shall be set by which all unfinished work must be turned in by the student to the instructor. In no case will this be beyond the end of the second week of the following semester. The instructor must submit a final gradit hin two weeks of this date. If the course work is not completed within the splited time limit, the Incomplete will be changed to Fail. Any exceptions this rule will require approval of the Recording Committee.
- 10. In Independent Study and Honors cases that will continue beyond one semester, instructors have the option of submitting at the end of each semester, except the last, a grade of S (for Satistory) in place of a regular grade. Regular grades shall be submitted at end of the final semester and shall become the grades for the previous semester of independent<sup>7</sup> study.
- 11. All grades and failure cards are due shoaflyer the examination period at a date specified by the Office of the Registrar.
- E. Academic Honest<sup>28</sup>

All homework, laboratory work, anexams are conducted under the Bowdoin Academic Honor Code. Instructors, espley ithose in introductory courses, are urged to make every effort to make cleatheir students just what constitutes dishonesty in their course work. Violations of the Honor Code are to be reported to the Dean of Student Affairs.

F. Approval of Courses to Be Offered for Credit

The Faculty requires that all courses offered for degree credit should be approved by the Faculty after review and recommendation by the Curriculum and Educational Policy Committee (CEP).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Faculty vote 6 April 1992.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Faculty vote 6 April 1998 (98-4-2, as amended).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup>See Appendix A for the complete texttbé Academic Honor Cate and Social Code.

New course proposals are considered hey Curriculum Implementation Committee (CIC),<sup>29</sup> which typically meets with the Registrar, the Associate Registrar, and the Associate Dean for Academic Affairs. After a review of new course proposals, the CIC presents its recommendations to the Curriculum and Educational Policy Committee, which may either recommend or not recommend course approval to the full faculty. In some cases, the monittee may return course proposals to departments with questions or requests for some cases the committee may recommend approval of a course on a "one time only" basis. All course proposals require the endorsement of thered fathe offering department or program.

Instructors are encouraged to subproposals as early as possible in the immediately preceding semester, and in any case no later than the end of September (for Spring courses) and early February (fall courses). The only exception to this practice occurs for Fall courses taught by new faculty who are hired too late in the academic year to present courses for CEPideration before the end of the Spring term. These courses are reviewed during the summer and presented at the September Faculty Meeting. (They are listed in the Fall-term course announcement as offered "pending faculty approval.")

Changes in course titles and nor changes in course descriptions do not require review by CEP. However, review inequired in all the following cases:

- 1. All new courses, including first-year seminars.
- 2. Substantial revisions of existing courses bstantial revisions include (but are not limited to) changes in:
  - a) The principal subject-matter (e.g., the historical field or the geographical region covered by the course).
  - b) The type of course (e.g., from a broad survey course to a more specialized course).
  - c) The level of the course (e.g., from 60-level course to a 300-level course).
  - d) The methodology of the course.
- 3. A repeat offering of a course previously approved as "one time only."
- 4. All changes in prerequisites for coursed ahanges to enrollment restrictions (e.g., majors only).
- 5. Requests for exceptions to class-size limits.

Information concerning course approval decourse approval request forms, may be obtained from the Registrar.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> See (08-2-4) adopted by the faculty 4 February 2008.

G.

H. Minimum Enrollment Required for the Offering of Courses<sup>31</sup>

With the exceptions listed below (and others that may be authorized by the dean), courses with a preregistration of fewer this should normally be canceled by the department and replaced with a sedikely to attract a larger enrollment, such as a first-year seminar or anitide al section of an over-subscribed course. Exceptions include:

- 1. Fall semester courses in which first-year students are likely to enroll.
- 2. Courses necessary to sustain language curricula.
- 3. Courses whose subject matter makes the course necessary for sustaining a viable and serious major.
- 4. Courses which, if eliminated, would leavnajors with too little opportunity for advanced work in the discipline.
- 5. Courses being offered for the first time or by instructors in the first year of a tenure-track appointment.
- I. Faculty Regulations Concerning the Scheduling of Classes
  - 1. Distribution of courses over available meeting times. The Faculty has established a guideline to improve student access to courses by encouraging departments to spread classes evenly sactive class day and week. Certain time blocks have been designated as "speciated departments are expected to schedule a minimum number of classes in each of these special slots, the number depending on the total number of class sessito be offered in that department in a semester. In general, "special slots" are those class meeting times that tend to be underused; these slots will be ideed if specifically by the Registrar in the class scheduling materials provided to department chairs in preparation for each semester. The guideline is as follows:

Departments offering fewer than 8 sectionverall in a semester should schedule at least 1 section in a special slot;

departments offering 8-12 sections oveiralla semester should schedule at least 2 sections in special slots;

departments offering more than 12 sections rall in a semester should schedule at least 3 sections in special slots.

2. Common hour. No classes, sections or laboratories should be scheduled during the Common Hour (Friday, 12:30 to 1:30).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> See (98-12-1), ap**p**red by the faculty 1 February 1999.

J.

- 3. To consider holding individual conferences about writing at least once/twice during the semester.
- To examine and consider for use asquired text or as reference either for themselves or for students (on reserve or as a suggested text) one of a list of texts/handbooks on writing (e.g. Barnetubbs, and Bellanca, The Practical <u>Guide to Writing</u>or Hacker, <u>Rules for Write</u>rs
- 5. To develop strategies for teaching stuts to contribute constructively and articulately to class discussion and/ortake formal presentations in order to develop skills of oral expression.
- K. Procedures for Administration and Use of the Student Opinion Form<sup>35</sup>

### Distribution and Collection of Forms

The Dean's Office will send out the studepinion forms to instructors two weeks before the end of classes. Faculty mersibel distribute the forms during the last week of classes, allowing at least 15 minutes for completion. A designated student will collect and later take the forms to tobe fice of the Dean for Academic Affairs. The instructor should hand out the forming n should leave the room while students complete them. Instructors also distributing individual or departmental forms should allow adequate extra time or distribute them at a different time or date.

### Summary and Dissemination of Data

After receiving the completed forms, tDean's will make copies of the forms and return the originals to the individual instators for their own review and records after faculty have turned in semester grade be Dean's Office will maintain the second copy on file for five years for use in evaluation processes.

Upon receipt the Dean's Office will have the numerical data tabulated and prepare standard statistical summaries for eaobrse which will include summary distribution of ratings and average ratifigs each faculty member's courses, but will not include average ratings for departments, divisions of the College, or decile rankings. The Dean will then use the statistic information to help guide selection of which forms to read in detail for individual student comments.

Each instructor will receive the statistical summary of numerical ratings for his or her courses to review in conjunction with **bisher** copies of the form that include individual student comments.

In order to provide Department chainsda Program directors information that can assist in monitoring the curriculum and headpful in collegial efforts to improve teaching, the Dean's office will also cirate a confidential copy of the statistical summaries of the forms to the Departmentair. Statistical summaries of courses

 $<sup>^{35}</sup>$  See (02-5-8), approved by the faculty 20 May 2002.

offered in or cross-listed with interdisciplinary programs and of courses that are required for an interdisciplinary major wallso be sent to the directors of those programs. Such statistical summaries should prompt chairs and directors to initiate discussions with faculty about his/her teiaghand to seek out further information, when needed, to provide pedagogical suppocolleagues. Chairs and Directors will be able to review the written comments of students on the forms on file in the Dean's office.

### Use of Information

These forms and their statistical summapies vide only one source of information for evaluating the quality of a faculty member's teaching. Other sources of information include, for example, course materials and syllabi, self-assessments of teaching, and retrospective reviews of teaching by past students, or peer visits. Further, the Faculty has made clear **foat** evaluation purposes, the statistical information from these forms should on by used in combination with the written forms themselves.

The Dean and the Departments (or in the case of joint appointments, review committees) will use the forms in conjunctive the statistical information as part of the review process for making reappointment, tenure, and promotion decisions. They may be used in periodic reviewsterfured professors. The Dean will also use this information in making merit pay decisions.

Ideally, the student responses that these forms summarize will help to prompt discussions of pedagogy. It is the partaculesponsibility of chairs to initiate such discussions when they perceive, based on the statistical summaries or other information, that there may be problems in a course or courses.

### Instructor Response

After reviewing the summary data and themis, the instructor may write in a timely manner to the Dean and Department Chair/Program Director indicating any special circumstances that may have affected student opinions of either the course or the instructor.

# VI. Outline of Faculty Governance<sup>36</sup>

A. Faculty Meeting<sup>37</sup>

1.

- 3. The President's Office is responsible for distribution of the agenda.
  - a. The Chair of the Committee on Governce and Faculty Affairs provides a copy of the agenda to the President's Office. Supporting documents (including the minutes from the last faculty meeting and the text of any motions for action included on the agenda) are gathered in the President's Office in preparation for circulationAll documents to be distributed with the agenda should be submitted to theselent's Office one week before the date of the faculty meeting to which they pertain.
  - b. The agenda and supporting documentscincelated by the Copy Center at least one business day before the faculty meeting.
- 4. The business of faculty meeting is stupised by the faculty officers.
  - a. Moderator The Faculty Moderatorasmember of the elected Committee on Governance and Faculty Affairs **step** by that committee to preside at faculty meeting.
  - b. Parliamentarian The Faculty Parliamentarian is appointed by the Committee on Governance and Faculty Affairs to advise the Moderator concerning the conduct of faculty meeting.
  - c. Clerk A staff member is appointed to take minutes at faculty meetings.
  - d. Senior Wrangler The Senior Wrangler is the faculty member present at the meeting with the most years of service to the college. The Senior Wrangler's sole job is to adjourn the meeting.
- 5. Overall conduct of faculty meeting is guideby Roberts' Rules of Order with the following special rules adapted for Bowdoin College.
  - a. The Faculty of the College is a deditative body: as such, it does not allow absentee ballots, proxy voting or on-line voting on faculty meeting motions.
  - b. Substantive motions are those motions judged by the moderator to set new policy or to significantly modify existing policy. Motions concerned with the conduct of faculty meeting are procedural motions. Examples of procedural motions include motionsptostpone or reconsider and the motion to adjourn.
  - c. Substantive motions are not proposed and voted on at the same meeting.
  - d. Substantive motions are not voted on after 5:00 unless the Committee on Governance and Faculty Affairs has notifie culty at least one week before the meeting that the substantive business the meeting can be expected to extend beyond 5:00. Advance notice of extended business may be given in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> By faculty vote 9/10/07.

the distributed agenda (if time allows) or by special written communication to the Faculty.

e. If a motion to call the question is approved, those who voted against the call the question motion are given one more oppro caltatitrepeciak aboutitthorigin wr8.7mm5(

unless a faculty member provides compel**lieg**sons to the contrary in writing to the Committee on Governance.

In 2007, the faculty approved a resid committee structure and charged the Committee on Governance and Faculty Affairs (GFA) with responsibility for apportioning the committee work of the College across committees and among individual faculty equitably and efficiently, with the aims of engaging as many faculty as possible in shared governance, of making each faculty member's committee service clearly meaningful, andeosuring that over time all faculty can experience a reasonable balance between teaching, scholarship, and service. It is also GFA's task to ensure that conflicts inferest between departmental and Collegewide obligations are minimized.

Committee work is organized under the following rubric (\* indicates elected committees):

**Faculty Governance Committees** Committee on Governance and Faculty Affairs (GFA)\* Committee on Appointments, Promotion, and Tenure (CAPT)\* **Curricular Committees** Curriculum and Educational Policy Committee (CEP) Curriculum Implementation Committee (CIC) **Recording Committee Resources Committees** Faculty Development Committee (FDC) Student Fellowships and Research Committee (SFR) Lectures and Concerts Appeals, Grievances, and Misconduct Committees Judicial Board and Student Sexual Assault and Misconduct Board Faculty Appeals and Grievances\* Student Appeals and Grievances **Oversight: College Life Committees** Library Museum of Art Executive Advisory Council Benefits Advisorv **Bias Incident Oversight Committee on Multicultural Affairs** Oversight Committee on Gender and Sexuality Issues **Oversight: Research and Safety Issues Research Oversight Chemical Hygiene** Radiation Safety Working Groups as appointed by GFA Trustee Committees with Faculty Representation

To ensure the equitable rotationf**a***ć*ulty members through committees, the following guidelines apply:

1. GFA will keep longitudinal records of individual faculty service as a basis for monitoring the equitable distribution workload across the faculty.

## D. Curricular Committees

- 1. Curriculum and Educational Policy Committee (CEP)
  - Purpose: Responsible for broad oversight he curriculum, and for proposing changes in academic policy and degree requirements for consideration by the faculty. Avises the Dean and the President on allocation of resources, including the assignment and reauthorization of faculty positions. Brings to the faculty proposals about policy including college-wide changes to major/minor requirements, changes to college-wide distribution requirements, and other large-scale curricular policy matters. Represents the faculty on the Trustee Committee on Academic Affairs. This committee will meet at leastice per semester with CIC.

During discussions involving pensinel matters, the committee may exclude student members.

Chair: Dean for Academic Affairs

- Members: faculty: six, appointed: **dwi**rom each of the three curricular divisions (Humanities and Fine Arts, Natural Science and Mathematics, and Sociand Behavioral Sciences), one tenured and one tenure-track. Term of service: tenured, 3 years; untenured, 2 years. Exclusions: concurrent members of CAPT, CIC, GFA, and Faculty Appeals; and normally Department Chairs and Program Directors.
  - students: three appointed, one of whom is an alternate.
  - ex officio Dean for Academic Affairs, Associate Dean for Academic Affairs, President, and Vice President of Institutional Research and Assessment
- 2. Curriculum Implementation Committee (CIC)
  - Purpose: Oversees curricular implementation, including: approval of all new and revised courses, revisionsintdividual majors/minors, implementation and evaluation **di**stribution requirements. Oversees Off-Campus Study curricular issues. Evaluates and approves self-designed majors (with advice on petitions from the Associate Dean for Academic Affa). Oversees the execution of policies re: grading, honors, transfer of credit and progress towards degree (in consultation with CEP as necessary). Subcommittees may be formed as needed. This committee will meet at leasthce per semester with CEP. During discussions involving pensnel matters, the committee may
    - exclude student members.
  - Chair: Associate Dean for Academic Affairs
  - Members: faculty: six, appointed, dw/rom each of the three curricular divisions (Humanities and Fine Arts, Natural Science and Mathematics, and Sociard Behavioral Sciences),

of whom at least three are tenured. Term of service: tenured, 3 years; untenured, 2 years. One member should be from a language department to address issues involving language and off-**ca**pus study. Exclusions: concurrent members of CAPT, CEP, GFA, and Faculty Appeals; and normally Department Chairs and Program Directors.

- students: three, one of whom is an alternate to substitute only in the case of another student's absence.
- ex officio Associate Dean for Academic Affairs, Registrar, Director of Off-Campus Study, First-Year Seminar Coordinator
- 3. Recording
  - Purpose: Interprets and appliesrent academic policies, determines academic standing, reviews petitiones academic standing, grading options, and transfer credit.
  - Chair: appointed faculty member
  - Members: faculty: three, appointently from each of the three curricular divisions (Humanities and Fine Arts, Natural Science and Mathematics, and Social and Behavioral Sciences), (for three-year terms). Tenured and tenure-track faculty and visiting faculty, lecturers and senior lecturers on multi-year contracts eligible to serve. Term of service: 3 years.
    - students: three, one of whom is an alternate
    - ex officio Dean of Student Affairs, Associate Dean for Academic Affairs (as liaison to CEP and CIC), Registrar, Senior Associate Dean of Student Affairs
- E. Resources Committees

## F. Appeals, Grievances and Misconduct Committees

- 1. Judicial Board and Student Sexual Assault and Misconduct Board
  - Purpose: The Judicial Board addresses violations of the Academic Honor Code and Social Code. Faculty representatives on the Judicial Board Committee are also available to serve on the Student Sexual Assault and Misconduct Board. The Studest xual Assault and Misconduct Board serves as the hearing body for student complaints of sexual assault and/or sexual misconduct by students. Judicial Board hearings are chaired by a student Chair or Vice-Chair. The Dean of Student Affairs normally chairs the Student Sexual Assault and Misconduct Board. Full details of the hearing processes are outlined under the Judicial Board and the Student Sexual Assault and Misconduct policies in the Student Handbook. Judicial Board Hearings often take place prior to the start of semester as well as through the end of exam period, and, in the spring, up until Commencement. Student

Chair:

Members:	faculty:	four (appointed for three-year terms)
	staff:	none
	students:	normally 10-12 but may vary year to year
	ex officia	Dean of Student Affairs

There is a required annual information reating in the fall and hearings as needed. The Student Sexual Assault and Misconduct Board also requires an annual review with counsel.

- 2. Faculty Appeals and Grievances
  - Purpose: Receives and considers appeals regarding decisions of reappointment, tenure, or promotion (see appeals procedure in Faculty Handbook Receives and considers grievances brought by faculty against other faculty or members of the Administration. (See Grievance section in aculty Handbook Receives and considers cases of harassment between faculty (that is, where both grievant and accused are faculty members). Cases of harassment between faculty may also be handled through Human Resources. Cases of harassment between faculty and staff or Administration must be handled through Human Resources. Normally no more than three members of the Appeals and Grievance Committee will hear any single appeal or grievance.
  - Chair: Chosen at the beginning ear characteric year by and from the elected members of the committee
  - six. elected: two from each of the three professorial Members: faculty: ranks; no more than one from a single department. Exclusions: concurrent members of CAPT, GFA, CEP and CIC; faculty members undergoing

6. Oversight Committee on Gender and Sexuality Issues

Purpose:	Examines issues and concertated to gender and sexuality among students, staff and faculty. Measure recommendations to the President for appropriate courses of action.			
Chair:	faculty me	faculty member		
Members:	faculty:	three (appoind for a three-year term)		
	staff:	two administrative and two support staff		
	students:	two		
	ex officia	Director of the Women's Resource Center, Director of		
		Human Resources, Director of the Resource Center for		
		Sexuality and Gender Diversity		

- H. Oversight: Research and Safety Committees
  - 1. Research Oversight
    - Purpose: Responsible for reviewing redsearch on human and animal subjects conducted at the College. whether by faculty, staff, or students. Review is necessary to ensure tallatresearch activities meet federal standards of ethical conduct and proper care. Serves as the Institutional Review Board (IRB) red Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC).
    - Chair: appointed faculty member

2. Chemical Hygiene

Purpose: Oversees and make recommendation balout policies and procedures

- J. Trustee Committees with Faculty Representation
  - 1. Academic Affairs
    - Purpose: Concerned with all matters tiela to the educational program of the College, the faculty (including apinoments, promotions, tenure and salary) and the Library, Museum of Art, Peary Macmillan Arctic Museum, and information technology. Chair:

Trustee

Members: faculty: one, from the faculty Committee on Curriculum and Educational Policy staff liaison: Dean for Academic Affairs students: one and one alternate trustees: six or more

- 2. Admissions and Financial Aid
  - Purpose: Oversees all matters related to the recruitment and admission of students to the College, policies and cedures for financial aid, and financial aid policies in relation the financial resources of the College.
  - Chair: Trustee
  - Members: faculty: one staff liaison: Dean of Admissions students: two, one of whom is an alternate trustees: six or more
- 3. Development and College Relations
  - Purpose: Reviews capital needs of **Croe**lege and consults with the College administration regarding the appropriate steps for securing the funds required: it also oversees the alumni affairs and communication activities of the College.
  - Chair: Trustee Members: faculty: one (appointed for a three-year term) staff liaison: Senior Vice-President for Planning and Administration and Chief Development Officer two, one of whom is an alternate students: trustees: six or more alumni: one (member of the Alumni Council Executive Committee)
- 4. Executive
  - Purpose: Acts with the powers of tBeard when the Board is not in session and may take action on behalf of tBoard (with certain exclusions) and set agendas for Board meetings.
  - Chair of the Board of Trustees Chair:

Members:	faculty:	none, but one member of the faculty is invited to attend (usually the Chair of the faculty Committee on		
	Governance and Faculty Affairs)			
	staff liaison: Secretary of the College			
	students:	none, but one is invited to attend		
	trustees:	, , , ,		
		the Board's Standing Committees		
	alumni:	none, but one member of the Alumni Council is invited		
		to attend		
	parent:	none, but one is invited to attend		

- 5. Facilities and Properties
  - Purpose: Oversees the maintenance, improvement, security and protection of the College's physical plant and equipment and new capital projects.

trustees: a subgroup of the Committee on Trustees or other

Chair:	Trustee	
Members:	faculty:	one (appointed for a three term)
	staff liaison	Dean of Student Affairs

# Appendix A: The Academic Honor Code and Social Code

# Updated September 2008

The success of the Academic Honor Code and Socide requires the active commitment of the College community. Bowdoin College expects its dents to be responsible for their behavior on and off College premises and to assure the same behavior of their guests.

Uncompromised intellectual inquiry lies at the heatral liberal education. Integrity is essential in creating an academic environment dedicated decelopment of independent modes of learning, analysis, judgment, and expression. Academic dishonesty, in or out of the classroom, is antithetical to the College's institutional values d constitutes a violation of the Honor Code.

The Academic Honor Code plays a central **inle** intellectual life at Bowdoin College. Students and faculty are obligated to ensure its cess. Since 1964, with revisions in 1977 and 1993, the community pledge of renal academic integrity has formed the basis for academic conduct. The institution assumes that all Bowdstiudents possess the attributes implied by intellectual honesty.

The Social Code describes certain rights association of Bowdoin College students. While it imposes no specific morality on students, the Grelleequires certain standards of behavior on and off College premises to secure the safether College community and to ensure that the College remains a center of intellectual engagemente College has an interest in the character of its students, and both on april-campus behavior reflect a student's character and fitness to be a member of the College community.

Certain types of behavior may be inapproprieten though not "illegal"; for example, speech can be offensive even though legally permitted.

Individuals who suspect violations of the Acade Honor Code and Bocial Code should not attempt to resolve the issues independently, but accouraged to refer their concerns to the Office of the Dean of Student Affairs. The Boge reserves the right to impose sanctions on students who violate these codes on and off College premises.

The procedures under the Academic Honor Code and Social Code are not criminal proceedings and should not be construed as such. Bowdolle@eacknowledges its responsibility to conduct student judicial procedures that reflect fundatatefairness. For the purposes of assuring fairness

# I. Definition of Terms

Listed below are standard definitions of impotteerms used in the dademic Honor Code and Social Code:

- A. The "Academic Honor Code" covers stu**deo**nduct in such activities as classroom and laboratory assignments, examinations, quiz**papers**, and presentations. The "Social Code" governs non-academic student conduct.
- B. Terms such as "Bowdoin" or "the College'fee to Bowdoin College and its premises.
- C. "Student" includes all persons officially pursuing course work at Bowdoin College.
- D. "Faculty" or "faculty member" means any inviti ual employed by Bowdoin College to conduct formal academic activities.
- E. "College official" refers to any person eropped by Bowdoin and not a member of the faculty.
- F. The "Bowdoin community" incorporates all faculty, students, student groups, and officials or other persons employed by the College and its proper ties.
- G. College "premises" comprise all land, buildings, facilities, and other property owned, used, or supervised by Bowdoin, including its student organizations.
- H. "Student judicial procedures" refersato written and stated policies involved in determining possible infractions asalnctions of College conduct codes.
- I. The "Student Appeals and Grievances Cottere" considers appeals of the Judicial Board decisions. The committee is chaired hey president of the College and includes the Dean of Student Affairs, a member of the dean's staff, four faculty members, and three students.
- J. The terms "shall" and "will" are used **th**e imperative sense; "may" and "should" are used in the permissive sense.
- K. Bowdoin College designates the Office of Decan of Student Affairs to supervise the administration of the Academic Honor and Social Codes.
- L. "Misconduct" refers to student actions that late the College's Academic Honor Code and/or Social Code.
- M. "Preponderance of evidence" is the JudiBiaard's decisional standard by which the

D.

# THE SOCIAL CODE

The following activities, occurring on or off Code premises, constitute breaches of the Social Code:

1. Conduct which is unbecoming of a Bowdoindsent. Examples include, but are not limited to, lewd or indecent behavior (or sponsorship theredifysical or verbal abuse or assault; threats; intimidation; harassment; coercion; and othereduct that threatens, instills fear, or infringes upon the rights, dignity, and integrity of any person.

2. Attempted or actual theft of, or misappiation of, property and/or services. Attempted or actual damage to property.

3. Purposely providing falsenaccurate, or misleading information to a College official(s), faculty member(s), or the Judicial Board

4. Failure to comply with the reasonable requést College official(s) or faculty member(s), including a request to identify oneself or honce therms of a College no-contact agreement/order

5. Behavior which endangers the health and ty aff oneself or others. Examples include, but are not limited to, tampering or interfering with, as well as destroying or misusing, fire safety equipment; the possession of firearms, explosively weapons, or dangerous chemicals; unauthorized climbing on College buildings and stures; throwing objects out of windows; and the reckless operation of a motor vehicle.

6. Violation of federal, state, or local statutes.

7. Disruption of the orderly processes of the College, involving obstruction of teaching, research, administration, disciplinary proceedings, or other College activities, including its public-service activities. Actions disruptive to the orderly oppesses of the College include, but are not limited to:

a. Unauthorized entry into, or occupation of *a*/*p*te office, college residence, work area, a teaching, IiTI()Tj upti the .0012 adiTTD .00.2(i)0(eC.diTTD .00.2(i)0n or)( witu3TD .62ls)0(nieiet3 TD

9. Failure to comply with any Bowdoin **Dege** policy including, but not limited to, the following specific ones:

Bowdoin College Fraternity Membership Policy Bowdoin College Illegal Drugs Policy Bowdoin College Alcohol Policy February 2009

The College Code of Conduct**cin** des: the conflicts of **te**rest policy, acceptance of gifts policy, whistleblower protection **an** dard and reporting of violations.

a)

# e) REPORTING SUSPECTED VIOLATIONS AND CONCERNS

You are encouraged to report vations or concerns about violants of law, this Code of Conduct or college policies that come to yattention. Inapproprise activity can range from clearly illegal activity (sch as falsifying data or mising College funds) to activity that is lawful but unethica(such as purporting to speak behalf of the College without proper authority).

Any suspected violations of this Code **inding** improper offers or suggestions from a supplier, vendor, or anyone seeking to do **bessi** with the College, and any activity that could be perceived as presenting a sericounsilict of interestshould be reported anonymously by going toww.ethicspoint.comAny suspected violations may also be reported to the Senior Vice President forarrice and Administratin & Treasurer, or in her/his absence, to any other senior officethe President. Appropriate cases will be referred to the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees.

Disciplinary actions for proven violations **b**fis Code, or for improper retaliation against anyone who reports possible violations, **bii** determined on a case-by-case basis and may include termination of employmenth disc who violate this Code may also be subject to civil and criminal charges in some circumstances.

Questions concerning this policy may beedted to the Senior Vice President for Finance and Administration & Treasurer, wdoin College, 5600 College Station, Brunswick, Maine 04011, Telephone: 207-725-3242.

# Appendix D. Intellectual Property Policy

# Adopted by the Board of Trustees February 9, 2007

# I. Preface

As part of its basic mission, Bowdoin Cogle encourages the discovery, creation and wide dissemination of knowledge, artistic work, invients, and educational materials. The most effective way to achieve these ends is to enscelemic freedom among faculty and students. A well-defined policy for the allocation of ownerphrights associated with intellectual property will facilitate the creation and dissemination of original work.

This policy addresses the ownership of intellectuaperty created by faculty, staff, and students. In doing so, it recognizes the commonaled traditions of ownership in colleges and universities, as well as the importance of Collieguestments in supporting creative work. This policy is designed to articulate rules that clacifunership of most intellectual property and to identify and address those exceptional cases wowenership interests may be shared by the creator and the College or where ownership beauncertain, and to establish procedures for allocating ownership interests and review uncertainty over ownership.

#### II. Scope and Definitions

This policy addresses the determination of ownershiptellectual property ights for inventions and other works developed or created by membfethse College community. It applies to all members of the College community, including faculty members, staff, and students of the College. The Policy applies to intellectual property, creations, advances, software, software, written materials, creative orks and other work product conceived eveloped in the course of College activities or with College resources, referred to in this Policy Pa's "

The College has an ownership interest in IP if it involves (identity interest(ii) a functional interest or (iii) substantial use of College resources (see definitions below College, however, will not assert any ownership interest in the catractificitional scholarly works. In keeping with the College's goals and consistent academic practices, these are owned by the creator(s). Traditional scholarly work " is defined broadly to include pedagogical, literary, artistic and creative works created faculty with or without the assistance of other members of the College community. This includes works related to team by such as lecture notes and other

tradin v

(i) The College has and entity interest" in works that are integral to, and reflect more directly on, the identity of the College than on the identity of the individual(s) who create them. For example, it has aidentity interestin items disseminated beyond the College, such as various catalogues, institutional web pages, aluminietings, admissions brochures, and fundraising materials. Aridentity interestalso occurs when there is a promituse of the College's name, or of any image, trademark or logo of the College Section VII below). Simply identifying the author of a work as a Bowdoin Professor would be considered prominent use of the College's name. IP in which the College hasidentity interestivil generally be owned by the College.

(ii) The College has afunctional interest" in works that are used enhance the effective functioning and coordination of ongogi operations. For example, it has actional interestn administrative and personnel procedures, inclusion for a number of internal handbooks and reports. IP in which the College has fanctional interest will be owned by the College.

(iii) "Substantial use of College resources the ans that the College has provided support with resources of a degree or nature not routinely marde able to all faculty and includes special support, either in the form of funding, or the use aciditates or staff. For example, the provision of a lab space, studio, extensive equipment develocate the use of a faculty member or extended IT support from a staff member involves to the stude state of College resources of desktop computers, College alities and limited secretarial or administrative resources including routine support from the College Tesource addition, the College's funding of sabbatical leaves and funding provided through the Faculty Resource Committee are not considered substantial use of College resources

### III. Policy for Faculty, Staff, and Students

### A. Faculty

Faculty members regularly create certain typessofitional scholarly works Traditional scholarly works and all the intellectual property rights sociated therewith, remain with the creator(s) even when their creation involved stantial use of College resources

Where the College has **ad**entity or functional interest the IP, the College will own the rights to the IP. For instage, the College hasfanctional interest faculty administrative work, e.g., committee reports and departmental records ilaily, the College will own rights to faculty-created computer software in which it has dentity or functional interest for example, an art historic tour of the College's art collection. When faculty members create IP as a contribution to College publications such as the Catalogu Alumni Magazine the work is owned by the College because of the entity and functional interest in the work. The College will not be deemed to have fanctional or identity interest in traditional scholarly works

The College will also have a joint ownershiniterest in faculty works -- other thanaditional scholarly works- that involves ubstantial use of College resourcies cluding substantial use of the work-time and skills of other College employees these cases, the faculty member and the College will each have an ownership interest hier IP, and its use and development will be governed by mutual agreement of the creator(d) the College, under terms to be set forth in a written document as described in Sect IV. For example, patentable products that come out of laboratory research at the College involves tantial use of College resourcies dott the

creator and the College would have ownership estein the patent. Another example involves

are expected to acknowledge assistance or **tropasht**ip when appropriate. Students receiving fellowships for research – for example, Surdn**£ol**es Fellowships – willot be deemed to be "employed by the College" for the purposes of IP determination.

D. Grants, Sponsored Works and Specially Funded Works

In the event a grant from a government agency or private sponsor contains provisions governing intellectual property and/or rights to the property ethese provisions take precedence over this Policy. College faculty and staff should unders any such provisions before agreeing to a different allocation of rights than set forth in this Policy

- 4. The creator intends to seek a patent on or otherwise commercialize the IP, in which case the process of protection or commercialization may involve substantial cost and effort, and the **covean**tay wish the College to consider providing some or all of that support.
- 5. The creator has any question about ownership or other rights in the IP.

In the case of a group IP project, all those ingtheup shall be named in the report, and if the report contains an initial proposal for the dispos of rights and proceeds, all members of the group shall sign. The CIO and other administration afficers should also report creative activities and address questions about IP ownership rtophtse Dean for Academic Affairs as soon as practical if any question arises, eitheraresult of required reporting or otherwise.

### B. Determination process

In cases where there is uncertainty over the owners from interest in IP, the Dean for Academic Affairs, in consultation with the creator(s), sheake a determination whether the IP involves a functionalor

the College is not outside employment, and **theus** to be reported.) Faculty should be guided in accepting any outside employment by <u>the Faculty Hand</u> statement regarding Professional Activities and Responsibilities. Staff members stddde guided by the Conflicts of Interest policy in the <u>Employee Handbo</u>ok

# VII. Note on College Trademarks and Other Identifiers

The terms BOWDOIN and BOWDOIN COLLEGE are **rstg**red trademarks of the College. In addition, the College possesses trademark rightarious other words and symbols associated with the College, such as togellege seal and the sun logo (collectively with the terms BOWDOIN and BOWDOIN COLLEGE, the "College addemarks"). No member of the College community may use, or grant permission to any other person or entity to use, any College Trademark without prior written permission from College. Requests to use any College Trademarks should be directed to the Treassure of the College will own trademarks and service marks relating to goods as the veloped at the College.

# VIII. Application of Policy:

This policy binds the College and the faculty ffstatudents and others upon whom it is effective as a condition for participating in the use of Bowndfounds or facilities. As they relate to work produced while in the College's employ, the term the policy continue to bind individuals whose relationship with the College has ended.

In the transition from the existing policy – where Patent policy and common law are operative – to this new policy, it will be assumed that this licy will govern any new projects that begin after the date of Trustee approval. The Dean for Accaid Affairs should be rivied of such projects, and questions about the determinant of ownership and interest the application of the new policy will be resolved using the procedure settrin Section III, above. Faculty members and non-faculty staff whose projects began before date of Trustee approval may voluntarily invoke the procedure set out in Section IV aboviteout invoking the substantive principles of this policy. In such cases, the current Paperlicy and common law principles will apply unless there is mutual agreement to employ the substance of this policy.

February 2007

# Appendix E. Information Technology Policies

Information Technology (IT) at Bowdoin College is an essential part of the teaching and learning culture. The College community relies heavilyits nextensive IT resources to enable academic and administrative users to do their reseated the learn, manage the business of the College, and communicate across campus and around the world.

Bowdoin faculty are provided with