HoribaDeltaFlexModularFluorescenceLifetimeSystem (Date

(Date: 1/22/16)

Using the instrument:

Users must have completed the laser and instrument safety training with Prof. Takematsubefore operating the instrument alone. [Your name must be on the list of authorized personnel]. If you have not yet received authorization, contact Prof. Takematsub r Celeste Morin Renaud.

Secure the area by closing the door to Druckenmiller259 and replacing on the outside of the door the green laser off sign with the appropriate red or yellow laser use sign. Usersmust remove any jewelry, watches, badges, etc. that may scatter light. Locate the laser personal protective equipment: the laser goggle, nitrile gloves, and lab coat. Alert all persons in the room that you are going to be operating the instrument.

Write in the instrument log book: your name, date, start/finish time, objective, and any problems/commentsthat you observe.Pleasemake sure to saveall data files in your personaldata folder: <u>\\microwave\research\takematsutab\StudentAcess\Group\_members\NAM</u>Dote: it is highly suggested hat you create separatesubfolders with the date or page number of your lab notebook to organize your data.

The following are abbreviated protocols for the use of the DeltaFlexinstrument. All persons should read over the protocol before proceeding. Manuals containing detailed information about the instrument, individual components and data collection and fitting software are available in the lab.

Sectionsinclude:

- x Turningon the instrument
- x Lifetime measurements
- x Settingup the temperature
- x Shuttingdown the instrument

Turningon the instrument: [Locatethe blue labelson the instrument, #1 4]. (Date: 1/22/16)

- 1. Turn on the main black unit power switch, located on the side of the plate connected to the main instrument. (BlueLabel#1)
- 2. Turn on the three power switcheslocated on the back of the three white subunits controlling the detector power supply (DPSI), picoseconddiode controller (DDC1), and DeltaHub(DDHT high throughput TCSPController). You should feel cool air comingout of the back of each unit. Do not block the ventilation. Note: The detector and diode have an additional key control. Do NOT turn the keyson at this time. (BlueLabe#2A,B,C)
- 3. Turn on the two power switches to the bath temperature control, one located on the white QuantumNorthwestTemperatureControl unit and the other located on the blackKoolanceLiquid coolingsystem.Youshouldfeel cool air comingout of the backof the control unit and see the fan and blue light turn on for the coolingsystem.Again,do not block the ventilation for the units. (Blue Label#3A,B).

Note: The control for the stir bar is located on the front side of the Temperature control unit. Turn the dial to control the stirring speed. You CANNOT control the stirring speed through the DataStatiorprogrameventhough there is a SampleStirrer option written into the program.

- 4. Turnon the computer and log into your account.(BlueLabel#4).
- 5. If you need temperature control for your experiment, go to the instructions on "Setting up the Temperature." Otherwise, makes ure to record the temperature of the cell holder (which should be close to the room temperature). This value appears on the front side of the Temperature control unit. This value may fluctuate slightly throughout the experiment if you do not turn on active temperature control.
- 6. Doubleclickon the

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Lifetime measurements (Date: 1/22/16)

Before you proceed, you should know the following information about your sample:

- x Absorptionspectrum:the absorbancet the excitationwavelengthshouldbe 0.1 or less.
- x Steadystate emissions pectrum: identify the emission or detection wavelength.
- x Estimate the lifetime of the system.

If you do not have this information, you are not yet ready to do a lifetime measurement. Proceed to shut down procedures.

If you are ready to proceed, remember to have your lab notebook with you to record the instrument settings and file names.

1. After you open the DataStationprogram, click and highlight the icon "Lifetime" and then click "New."

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2. Youwill observetwo sectionson the left hand side of the screen: TCSP@neasurementand System Hardware.



3. Horiba provided us two control samples:(L): LUDOX\_TMAcolloidal silica, 34 wt% suspensionin distilled or deionized water (420859\_1LSigmaAldrich) and (P): POPOFIn MeOH prepared at absorbanc@.1 A units. Thefirst sampleis the standardfor the scatterprompt. (In the manual, they recommenda 0.01% dilution of LudoxAS40 colloidal silica SigmaAldrich 420840). The latter is the standardfor Horibatime resolving instruments. Thelifetime should be 1.32ns ± 30 ps for a properly operating instrument (10,000 counts in the peak channel). Before you run your experimental sample, we will run these samples makes ure that the instrument is operational. The samples are available in two quartz cuvettes, labeled (L) and (P), respectively. Checkthat the solvent level has not decreased (P). If needed, add methanolto the cuvette and checkthe UV/Visspectrum. [If you

have to prepare a new sample(P), see instructions on "How to prepare sample(P)"]. Gently wipe the outside of the cuvettes with a Kimwipeto remove any dust or fingerprints.

4. Under SystemHardwareand Data Acquisition, select "Measurement Range." A small window will pop up. On the left handside, you will be asked to choose a measurement ange. It is recommended that you select a time range approximately 10 20 times that of your expected lifetime. This way, you will capture the whole decay (including the tail) and collect an appropriate number of data points in the decay. For the test sample (P), go ahead and use the default 200 ns time range. [Even though the expected lifetime for POPOR MeOH is 1.32 ns, operating the excitation source at 100 ns or 220 ns versus 60 ns reduces the rep rate for the excitation source, prolonging its lifetime].

On the right hand side of the window, you will be askedabout the Trigger source and Phos. Trigger Source. We currently have DeltaDiodesDDB30 and DD280 for our DeltaFlexsystem, so the TCSPOrigger source should read "Diode." Mak.002800017262 0 TD 0 Trs6 TD 0 photons are reachingyour detector. You will need to either reduce your bandpassor close the shutter manuallyand insert a neutral density filter, cutoff filter, physicalexcitation/emissiorbarrier, or etc.

Insert the cuvette with sample (P). Once

Decay.Make sure that the settings under SystemHardwarehave not changed, and then proceed as before: click on Decay and then Start.

Note: Ideally, the peak of the decayshould be located to the left side of the screen. If it is not, you may want to change the timing or delay time of the excitation source to take advantage of the entire data

You can gradually increase the bandpass your experimental condition as you add the neutral density filters on the excitations ide].

Onceyou have found the optimum conditions, select Prompt under TCSP@neasurementand click start on the toolbar. The prompt measurementwill terminate once it has reached the peak preset (i.e. 10,000 counts). You should notice that the red "X" next to Prompt has been replaced with a green

Settingup the Temperature(Date: 1/22/16)

- 1. Doubleclickon the TApp TemperatureControlicon on the desktop.
- 2. On the left handside of the screen, click on the "Change" button and enter the sampleholder target temperature. Then click the box below Control Statusto have the temperature adjusted. You can follow the progressin temperature versus time on the graph plot. The final value of the holder should also be reflected on the front panel of the TemperatureControl Unit. Note: You can also make the seadjust ments using the Tool menu.



If you decide to work at temperatures in which condensation or excessive at may become an issue, contact Prof. Takemats for Celesteas we may need to add a purge gas to the system. Always be aware of the freezing and boiling point of your solventor sample of interest before you adjust the temperature.

- 3. If you want to stir your sample, confirm that the stirrer box is checkedon the right hand side of the screen. Check that you have added a stir bar to your cuvette.
- 4. Once you have reached the desired temperature, minimize the screen and proceed to your measurementsNote1: You can saveyour temperature log, by going to Data and Save(cell holder data). Note2: If you close the screen, the program will askyou whether you would like to maintain temperature control. If you want to do your measurement that constant temperature, click yes and exit the program.

Shuttingdown the instrument: